

Spatial scanning and modeling

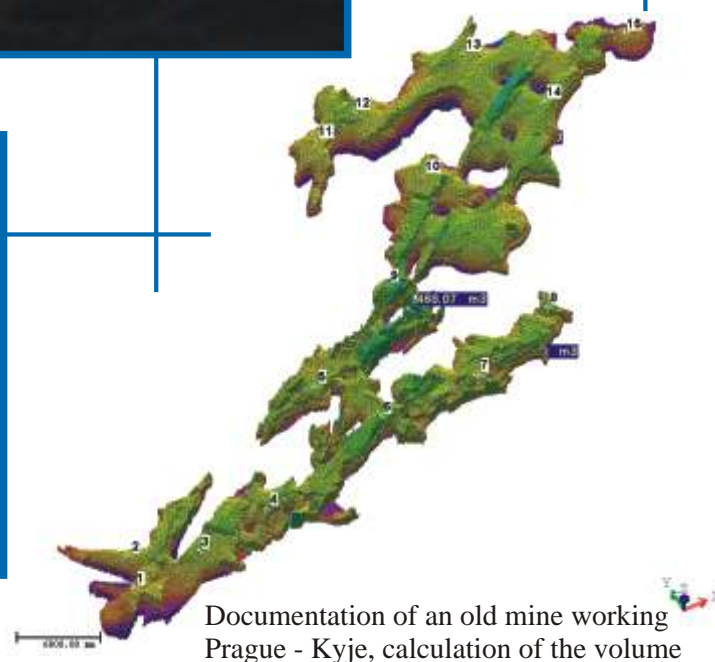
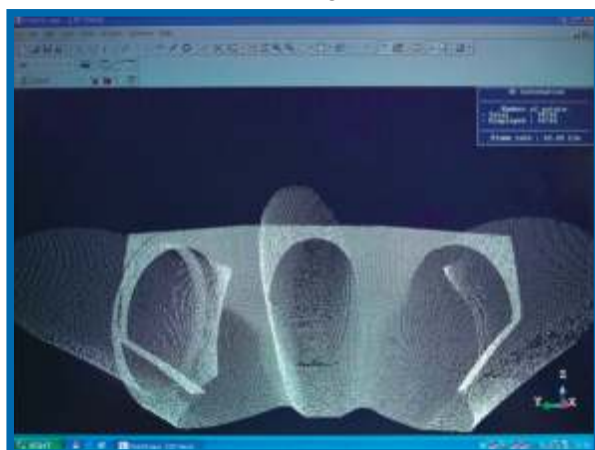
Laser scanning is an advanced data collection method collecting information about spatial objects. The highly accurate and detailed images are used for measuring any values, producing cross-sections and profiles, modelling surfaces or objects and calculating volumes. Comparison of measurements taken at different times can determine shifts and deformations.

Complete documentation of underground premises or inaccessible buildings and inspection of underground constructions



Documentation of underground spaces

Documentation of a sewerage structure



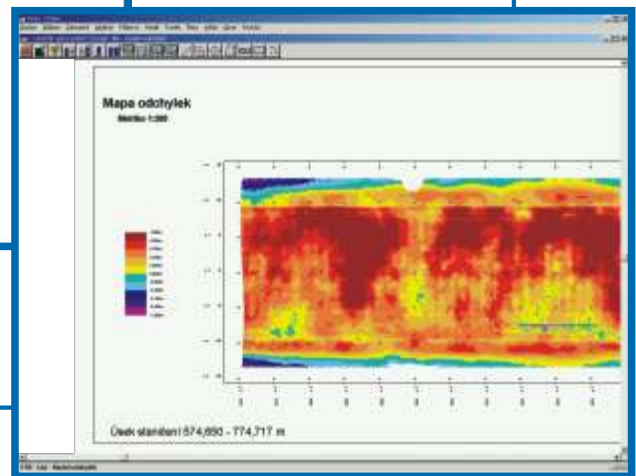
Documentation of an old mine working Prague - Kyje, calculation of the volume

Control of the construction of tunnels and other underground workings

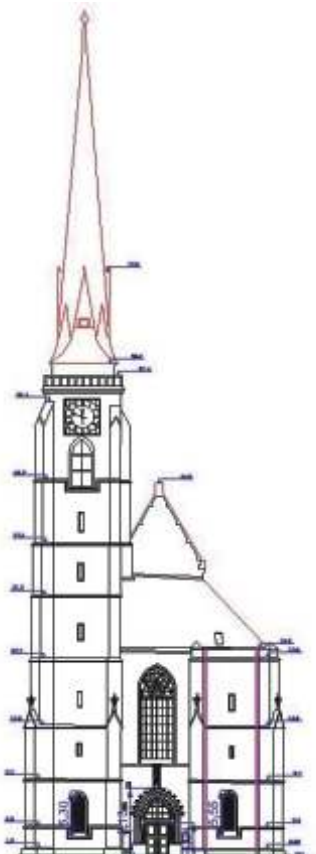


Scan of a metro tunnel line "C", Ládví Prosek

Evaluation of primary lining deviations from the project



Documentation of historical buildings and works of art



Scan of the St. Bartholome cathedral in Pilsen



Documentation of bridges

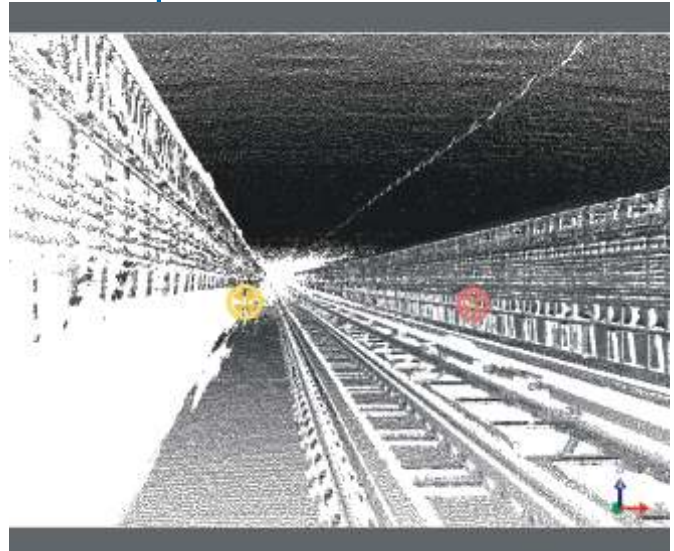


Scan of the Hlávčův Bridge

3D spatial vector model of the bridge



Scan of the Nuselský Bridge and its cells with the metro trackage



Very efficient data collection, opportunity to use the data for verification measurements and conversion to common graphic formats gives new options to design engineers, developers and building contractors. This technology is used worldwide for the documentation of traffic road and aircraft accidents, crime scenes, in the documentation of the effects of natural disasters, in industries and in the development of computer games. All applications are supported with advanced software offering outputs in all common formats.

Geometry checks of large space structures and their assembly



“North” Terminal construction,
Prague Ruzyne - Airport



Detailed assembly precision check
on a roof structure

Truss production control

